DEMANDS

REACTIONS

6. Scrapping of SIU Reports. In view of the general overstaffing of the DDA, the SIU has recommended abolition of certain posts in those wings of DDA where inspection has been carried out. This is in the interest of the organisation as a whole. The surplus staff so declared is being adjusted against vacant posts in other Departments.

7. Repatriation of all deputations from DDA.

At present there is a total of 72 working on deputation (0.02 per cent of the total strength). Government is clearly of the opining that in the interest of functional efficiency deputation should not be absolutely barred.

8. Compulsory employment of next of kin of DDA in service

The DDA is following the clearly laid down policies of the Government where every case is examined on employees who died while merit. Only in such cases where the families of the deceased employees is in indigent condition that the next of kin is offered employment at either Group D or Group C post. The DDA has made about 200 such compassionate appointments over the last two years.

9. Action against corrupt officers on deputation.

Action against all corrupt employees including officers are taken whether they belong to the DDA or are on deputation. The DDA has a separate vigilance Department to look into all allegations of a bonafide nature.

Abolition of Recruitment Regulations Committee. There are several categories of Staff Officers for whom no Recruitment Regulations have been laid down. These are being drafted. Till such time the Recruitment Regulation Committee will continue.

11. Promotion of employees in all categories.

Vacant posts at various levels are filled up on the recommend-dations of the Department Promotion Committee and personal Department of the DDA as per the prescribed Recruitment Regulations in force.

[Translation]

ing of coal to high priority consumers:

Blackmarketing of Coal

*407 SHRIMATI SUMITRA MAHAJAN: Will the MINISTER OF COAL be pleased to state:

- (a) the steps taken to check blackmarket-
- (b) the quantity of coal produced and supplied to industries and power stations in Madhya Pradesh in the current financial vears; and
- (c) the names of the mines of Madhya Pradesh from where the coal was sent out-

side Madhya Pradesh during the above mentioned period and the quantity thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) Steps taken by Coal India Limited (CIL) to check black-marketing of coal include:

- (i) Sponsorship of demands for core sector consumers by appropriate authorities so that only actual users receive coal supplies, commensurate with their demands.
- (ii) Active association of Coal India Limited with State Governments in finalising the sponsorships of coal demands for non-core sector con-

sumers on the basis of appropriate consumption norms for various industries

- (iii) Stopping the practice of transferability of delivery orders.
- (iv) Setting up of Coal Consumers Councils at the level of coal companies, and at national level to look into complaints grievances.
- (b) and (c). Coal is mostly supplied to Madhya Pradesh by Western Coalfields Limited, Northern Coalfields Limited and South Eastern coalfields Limited, Companywise details regarding quantity of coal produced and supplied to industries and power houses in the State of Madhya Pradesh (M. P.) are given below:

(in million tonnes)

Name of coal company and	Raw coal	Coal supplies	
period under reference.	production	Industries	Power houses.
Northern Coalfields Ltd. (NCL) (April '91-Feb.'92)	16.98	0.33	3.48
South Eastern Coalfields Ltd. (SECL) (April '91-Feb.'92)	39.91	2.50	14.84
Western Coalfields Ltd. (WCL) (April '91 January '92)	4.58	0.82	3.11

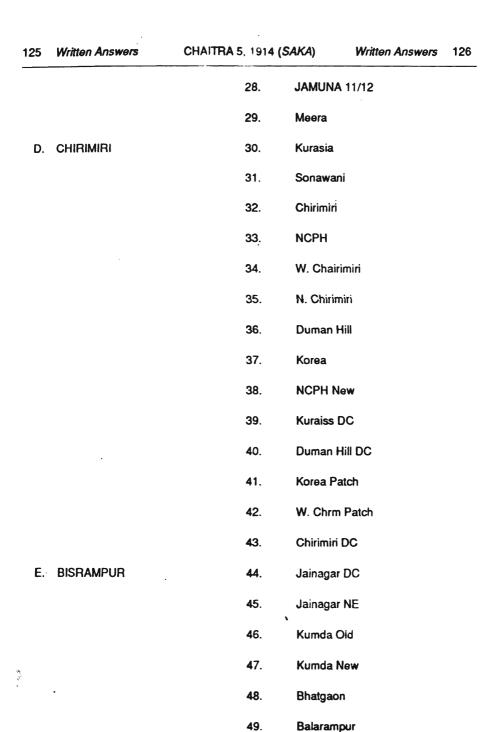
According to information furnished by CIL, 128 coal mines of NCL, WCL and SECL are fully lotated in M. P. Their names are given in the annexure. The total quantity of coal from these mines in NCL and SECL

despatched to consumers outside M.P. from April '91 to February '92 was 35.33 million tonnes and from such mines in WCL between April '91 to January '92 was 0.49 million tonnes.

A. SOHAGPUR AREA

- 1. Burhar No. 1
- Dhanpuri UG
- 3. Burhar No. 3

	4	Amlai
	5.	chachai
	6.	Rungta
	7.	Rajendra DC
	8.	Bangwar
	9.	Subhash INC
	10.	Viveknagar
	11.	Navagaon
	12.	Dhanpuri DC
	13.	Sarda DC
	14.	Amolai DC
B. JOHILLA	15.	Birsinghpur
	16.	Umaria
	17.	Pali
	18.	Nowrajabad (East)
	19.	Nowrajabad (West)
	20.	Pinoura Cap
	21.	Birsinghpur 3 & 4
C. J&K	22.	Jamuna 1 & 2
	23.	Jamuna 3 & 4
	24.	Jamuna 7 & 8
I	25.	Kotma
	26.	Govinda
	27.	Bhadra



50.

Bisrampur

	51.	Dugga (Cap)
F. BAIKUNTHPUR	52 .	Churcha
	53 .	Churcha (W)
	54.	Katkona 1 & 2
	55.	Katkona 3 & 4
	56.	Pandavpara
G. HASDEO	57 .	N & JKD
	58.	S. J. KD
	59 .	W. JKD
	60.	B. Seam
	61.	Rajnagar
	62.	N. Rajnagar
	6 3.	Rajnagar 7/8
	64.	Ramnagar -CL
	65.	Jhimar Old
	66.	Jhimar (Clsd)
	67.	S. Jhimar
	68.	Malga
	69.	Bijuri
	70.	S. JKD (O) Clos)
	71.	Beharaband
	72 .	Palkimara
	73 .	Somna Inc.
	74.	Kurja .

			75 .	Rajnagar DC
			76.	Dole
	H.	KORBA (EAST)	77.	Balgi
		,	78.	Rajgammar
			79 .	Banki
			80.	Surakachar
			81.	Surakachar 3+4
			82	Surakachar 5+6
			83.	Dhelwadih
			84.	Manikpur
	ŧ.	KORBA (WEST)	85.	Gevra
			86.	Dipka
			87.	Kusmunda
			88.	LAXMAN
			89.	Dipka (Expdn)
		NORTHERN COALFIELDS LIMITED)	
			90.	Jhingurdah
			91.	Gorbi
			92.	Jayant
			93.	Gorbi 'B'
			94.	Nigahi
			95 .	Amolori
		WESTERN COALFIELDS LIMITED:		
_			96.	Pathakhera-I

97.	Pathakhera-II
98.	Satpura-I
99.	Satpura-II
100.	Shobapur
101.	Sami
102.	Rawanwore
103.	Rawanwora Khas
104.	EDC
105.	Bhamori
106.	Nowton Chikli
107.	Chandsmate
108.	North Chandameta
109.	Mahadevpuri
110.	Gajandho
111.	Eklehra
112.	Shivpuri
113.	Chinde
114.	Shivpuri I. O. C.
115.	Shivpuri II O. C.
116.	Sethle OCP
117.	Vishnupur OCP
118.	Mohan
119.	Ambara
120.	Sukri

134

121.	Jharma.Ghorwani
122.	Damoe
123.	Rekhikol
124.	Nendan- I
125.	Nendan-II
126.	Ghorswani DC

[English]

Wax Industry in Bihar

- * 408, SHRI TEJ NARAYAN SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the wax industry in Bihar is facing crisis due to shortage of raw materials
- (b) if so, the steps taken by the Government to make the raw materials available to the wax industry; and
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (PROF. P. J. KURIEN). (a) to (c). Demand of paraffin Wax far exceeds the indigenous production. To supplement the indigenous availability Government is arranging import from time to time to the extent possible within the constraints of foreign exchange availability.

Purification of Polluted Water

4182, DR. RAVI MALLU: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Government are aware

of biological methods of purifying polluted water discovered by foreign scientists;

- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether any research on the subject has been undertaken by the Indian Scientists; and
 - (d) if so, the details thereof:

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE **MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS** AND MINISTRY OF STATES IN THE MIN-ISTRY AND LAW. JUSTICE AND COM-PANY AFFAIRS (SHRI RANGARAJAN): (a) to (d). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

[Translation]

irregularities in FCI

- 4183. SHRI LALIT ORAON: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:
- (a) whether attention of the Government has been drawn to the news item captioned 'Khadya Nigam Mein Teen Crore Ka Ghapla' appearing in Hindi daily "Hindustan" Patna edition, dated January 10, 1992;
 - (b) if so, the facts thereof; and